SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier WG55 White Gold Filler

Other means of identification

Product Code 19000

Recommended use Not available.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name **Quest Automotive Products**

Address 600 Nova Drive SE

Massillon, OH 44646

United States

Telephone General Assistance (330) 830-6000

E-mail rpandrus@quest-ap.com

Contact person Ron Andrus

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 3 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Acute toxicity, dermal Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B

> Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Category 2

Category 1

Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)

exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards

Environmental hazards

Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin **Hazard statement**

irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: WG55 White Gold Filler

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

76.31% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 78.61% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 78.6% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 78.59% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name Common name and synonyms		CAS number	%	
Styrene, monomer		100-42-5	20 to <30	
Talc		14807-96-6	20 to <30	
Magnesium carbonate		546-93-0	10 to <20	
fiberous glass		65997-17-3	1 to <5	
Silicon dioxide		7631-86-9	1 to <5	
Titanium dioxide		13463-67-7	1 to <5	
1,4-Benzoquinone		106-51-4	0.1 to <1	
light aromatic solvent naphtha		64742-95-6	0.1 to <1	
Other components below reportable leve	ls		30 to <40	

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4)	PEL	0.4 mg/m3	
		0.1 ppm	
Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
,		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.100	00)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	Ceiling	200 ppm	
,	TWA	100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.100	00)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
,		20 mppcf	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
·		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		20 mppcf	
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4)	TWA	0.1 ppm	

Components	Туре		Va	lue	Form
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL		40	ppm	
	TWA			ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA		2 r	ng/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA		10	mg/m3	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	e to Chemical Hazards				
Components	Туре		Va	lue	Form
1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4)	TWA		0.4	l mg/m3	
,			0.1	ppm	
fiberous glass (CAS 65997-17-3)	TWA		3 f	ibers/cm3	Fiber.
,			3 f	ibers/cm3	Dust.
			5 r	ng/m3	Fiber, total
			5 r	ng/m3	fibers, total dust
Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)	TWA		5 r	ng/m3	Respirable.
				mg/m3	Total
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA		6 r	ng/m3	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL		42	5 mg/m3	
				0 ppm	
	TWA			5 mg/m3	
				ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA		2 r	ng/m3	Respirable.
ogical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Expos	ure Indices				
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling ⁷	Time
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	400 mg/g	Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
	0.2 mg/l	Styrene	Venous	*	
	0.2 mg/i	Ctyrene	venous		

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Skin designation applies.

blood

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Liquid. Paste **Form** Color Not available. Odor Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available.

-23.8 °F (-31 °C) estimated Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling 293 °F (145 °C) estimated

range

93.9 °F (34.4 °C) estimated Flash point

Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.1 % estimated

6.1 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available. Explosive limit - lower (%)

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

3.48 hPa estimated Vapor pressure

Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available. Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 914 °F (490 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. Not available. Viscosity

Other information

8.50 lbs/gal Density

Flammability class Flammable IC estimated Percent volatile 21.73 % estimated

1.02 Specific gravity

VOC 21.73360142 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability** Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Strong acids. Aluminum. Peroxides. Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation.

Skin contact Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed. May cause respiratory

irritation.

Components	Species	Test Results
1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	130 mg/kg
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	> 15000 mg/kg
	Rat	> 22500 mg/kg
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	4940 ppm, 2 Hours
	Rat	2770 ppm, 4 Hours
		24 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	316 mg/kg
	Rat	1 g/kg

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Not an aspiration hazard. **Aspiration hazard**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be **Chronic effects**

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. **Ecotoxicity**

Components		Species	Test Results
1,4-Benzoquinone (CA	AS 106-51-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promela	s) 0.005 - 0.03 mg/l, 96 hours
Styrene, monomer (C/	AS 100-42-5)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.3 - 7.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	5.1 - 16 mg/l, 96 hours
Titanium dioxide (CAS	3 13463-67-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

No data is available on the degradability of this product. Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

1,4-Benzoquinone 0.2 Styrene, monomer 2.95

No data available. Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Contaminated packaging

Disposal instructions). Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1866 **UN** number Resin Solution **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш

19000 Version #: 01 Issue date: 04-09-2015

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B1, B52, IB3, T-4, TP1, TP29

Allowed.

Not established.

Packaging exceptions 150 203 Packaging non bulk Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1866 Resin Solution **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** No **ERG Code** 3L

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1866 UN proper shipping name Resin Solution

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Ш **Packing group Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. **EmS** F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4) Listed. Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	_
Styrene, monomer	100-42-5	20 to <30	-
1,4-Benzoquinone	106-51-4	0.1 to <1	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

light aromatic solvent naphtha (CAS 64742-95-6)

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4)

fiberous glass (CAS 65997-17-3)

Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,4-Benzoguinone (CAS 106-51-4)

fiberous glass (CAS 65997-17-3)

Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4)

fiberous glass (CAS 65997-17-3)

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Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes

New Zealand Inventory

United States & Puerto Rico

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all composite of this product comply with the inventory requirements administrated by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-09-2015

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 2*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE AND THE MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY INCURRED FROM THE USE OR RELIANCE UPON THE SAME. THE INFORMATION GIVEN IS DESIGNED ONLY AS A GUIDANCE FOR SAFE HANDLING, USE, PROCESSING, STORAGE, TRANSPORTATION, DISPOSAL AND RELEASE AND IS NOT TO BE CONSIDERED A WARRANTY OR QUALITY SPECIFICATION. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This safety information is not a license to use this material as claimed by any patents of third parties. The user alone must finally determine whether a contemplated use of this material will infringe any such patents, and for obtaining any required licenses.

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).