

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** AG47 Lightweight Grip Filler 3 Gallon

**Other means of identification**

**Product Code** 17003

**Recommended use** Filler

**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**

**Company name** VALSPAR Automotive

**Address** 600 Nova Drive SE  
Massillon, Ohio 44646  
United States

**Telephone** General Assistance 330-299-8879

**Website** www.valsparauto.com

**E-mail** RON.ANDRUS@valspar.com

**Contact person** Ronald Andrus

**Emergency phone number** CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable liquids	Category 3
<b>Health hazards</b>	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)	Category 2
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 3
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3
	Not classified.	

**Label elements**



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statement

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

### Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

### Supplemental information

75.38% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 77.2% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 77.2% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 77.2% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Talc		14807-96-6	20 to <30
Magnesium carbonate		546-93-0	10 to <20
Styrene, monomer		100-42-5	10 to <20
Calcium carbonate		1317-65-3	1 to <5
fibrous glass		65997-17-3	1 to <5
Silicon dioxide		7631-86-9	1 to <5
methanol		67-56-1	0.1 to <1
N,N-Dimethylaniline		121-69-7	0.1 to <1
THPA		85-43-8	0.1 to <1
Titanium dioxide		13463-67-7	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable levels			30 to <40

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.  Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.  Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.
Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)	PEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	PEL	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		200 ppm	
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	PEL	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		5 ppm	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	Ceiling	200 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

#### US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	0.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		20 mppcf	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable.
		20 mppcf	
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value	Form
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	STEL	10 ppm	
	TWA	5 ppm	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL	40 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
fibrous glass (CAS 65997-17-3)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total
		3 fibers/cm3	Dust.
		3 fibers/cm3	Fiber.
		5 mg/m3	fibers, total dust
Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fiber, total
		5 mg/m3	Respirable.
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Total
		325 mg/m3	
	TWA	250 ppm	
		260 mg/m3	
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	STEL	200 ppm	
		50 mg/m3	
	TWA	10 ppm	
		25 mg/m3	
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	5 ppm	
		6 mg/m3	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL	425 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
	TWA	215 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.

**Biological limit values****ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	400 mg/g	Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.2 mg/l	Styrene	Venous blood	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Exposure guidelines****US - California OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Skin designation applies.
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	Skin designation applies.
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	Skin designation applies.

**US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation**

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Appropriate engineering controls**

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
<b>Other</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations**

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid. Paste
<b>Color</b>	Off-white.

**Odor** Solvent.

**Odor threshold** Not available.

**pH** Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** -23.8 °F (-31 °C) estimated

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** 293 °F (145 °C) estimated

**Flash point** 93.9 °F (34.4 °C) estimated

**Evaporation rate** Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)** Not applicable.

**Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**

**Flammability limit - lower (%)** 1.1 % estimated

**Flammability limit - upper (%)** 6.1 % estimated

**Explosive limit - lower (%)** Not available.

**Explosive limit - upper (%)** Not available.

Vapor pressure	3.24 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	914 °F (490 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
Density	9.00 lbs/gal
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IC estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	20.72 % estimated
Specific gravity	1.08
VOC	20.72 % estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong acids. Aluminum. Peroxides.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Harmful if swallowed.

<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
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### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
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Components	Species	Test Results
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	64000 ppm, 4 Hours 87.5 mg/l, 6 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Monkey	2 g/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
	Mouse	7300 mg/kg
	Rabbit	14.4 g/kg
	Rat	5628 mg/kg
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	1770 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	1.41 ml/kg
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Mouse	> 15000 mg/kg
	Rat	> 22500 mg/kg
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Mouse	4940 ppm, 2 Hours
	Rat	2770 ppm, 4 Hours
		24 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Mouse	316 mg/kg
	Rat	1 g/kg
THPA (CAS 85-43-8)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	5410 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Respiratory sensitization** May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin sensitization** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** Suspected of causing genetic defects.

**Carcinogenicity** Suspected of causing cancer.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**

N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Not regulated.

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens**

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

**Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** Not classified.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not an aspiration hazard.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) > 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.7 - 3.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 52.6 mg/l, 96 hours
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 3.3 - 7.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus) 5.1 - 16 mg/l, 96 hours
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) > 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus) > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

methanol	-0.77
N,N-Dimethylaniline	2.31
Styrene, monomer	2.95

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

## 14. Transport information

### DOT

<b>UN number</b>	UN1866
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	UN1866, Resin Solution

**Transport hazard class(es)**

<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	150
<b>Packaging non bulk</b>	203
<b>Packaging bulk</b>	242

**IATA**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1866
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Resin Solution
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>ERG Code</b>	3L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	Allowed with restrictions.
<b>Cargo aircraft only</b>	Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1866
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Resin Solution
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.
<b>EmS</b>	F-E, <u>S</u> -E
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

**DOT**



**IATA; IMDG**



## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed.
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)	Listed.
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	Listed.

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

<b>Hazard categories</b>	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	Delayed Hazard - Yes
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** No

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Styrene, monomer	100-42-5	10 to <20
methanol	67-56-1	0.1 to <1
N,N-Dimethylaniline	121-69-7	0.1 to <1

### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)  
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

#### FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5) Other Flavoring Substances with OSHA PEL's

### US state regulations

#### US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

#### US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)  
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)  
THPA (CAS 85-43-8)  
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)  
fibrous glass (CAS 65997-17-3)  
Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)  
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)  
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)  
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)  
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)  
fibrous glass (CAS 65997-17-3)  
Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0)  
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)  
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)  
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)  
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)  
THPA (CAS 85-43-8)  
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)  
fibrous glass (CAS 65997-17-3)  
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)  
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)  
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)  
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)  
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)  
N,N-Dimethylaniline (CAS 121-69-7)  
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

#### US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

##### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988  
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

##### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	05-18-2016
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

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**Revision information**

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.